Notes: In a time of information overload we sometimes
lose sight of the fact that those who determine what
the information tells us, or does not tell us create the
stories we believe to be truths.

Notes: Will we move forward and embrace the complexity and diversity - and some would say promise of what we are now (or could be) - or will we turn back time? Tensions around evaluation continue, with questions about value, validity, rigor, purpose, appropriateness, meaningfulness.



This Moment

- · U.S. democracy is being systematically dismantled
- The realities of historical, systematic, and institutional racism are alive and well
- More foundations, nonprofits, and consultants are engaged in work related to equity
- · Evaluation relevance is being challenged
- · The U.S. is increasingly diverse and divided



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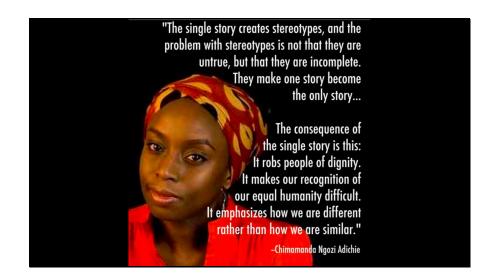


Notes: It is important to name that this is Western centric. Race is a social construct and one which the dominant culture (aka white) both created and reinforces to perpetuate its power and control. It is the foundation of the United States (not America which was a settled land of Indigenous peoples). Evaluation is an expression of that mindset. Evaluation and the Framing of Race

captures the limitations and harm of a single story. In the US and often within philanthropy, that story and the data are mutually reinforcing.

Notes: Chimmanda Ngozie Adichie's 2009 TED Talk

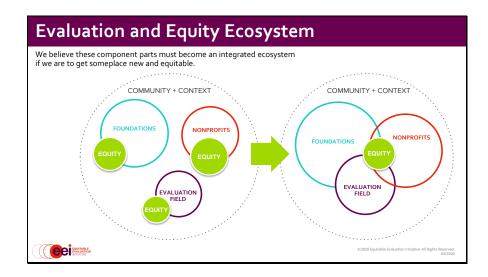
The Reality **RACISM EVALUATION** THE STAKES is insidious and permeates · most often reflects the are too high for evaluation what we believe to be true world based in a singular not to be an instrument of change and in service of a and objective interpretation of history greater equity and liberation · is anchored in values, experiences and needs of a small group (mostly middle-aged, white, heterosexual cisqender males) · is felt by the "subject" as extractive, reductive and lacking context EQUITABLE EVALUATION INITIATIVE





Notes: What's the first step? We (EEI) think it is
recognizing that there is, in the United States, an
ecosystem comprised of various players situated in
community and context.

Notes: When people say equity, they mean different things. How do you define equity? Individually and in your work? In this instance, we mean both means and ends. We believe that access to opportunity is not sufficient, we seek demonstrable evidence of identity (in all its manifestations) to no longer be a determining factor in the human experience.



Equity Working Definitions

MEANS

Deep equity means working toward outcomes in ways that model dignity, justice, and love without recreating harm in our structures, strategies and working relationships.

ChangeElemental (formerly MAG)

ENDS

Equity is the absence of avoidable or remediable differences among groups of people, whether those groups are defined socially, economically, demographically, or geographically.

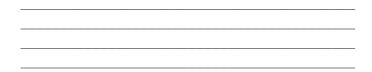
World Health Organization

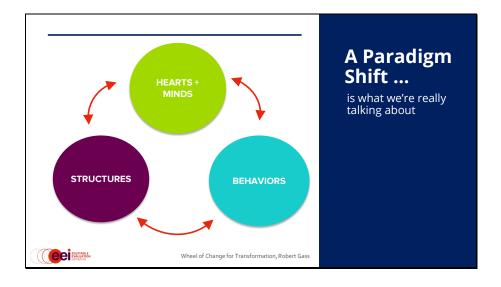


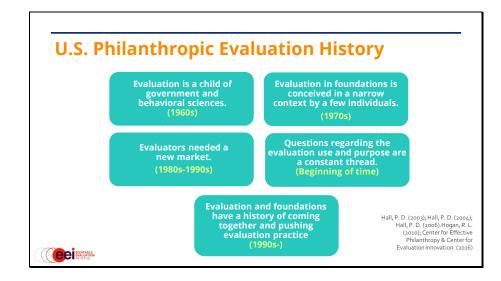


Notes: We want to get someplace new. Findings and themes from reports and research are consistent. Evaluation as currently practiced is not serving us well. We - those of us for whom this work (our work) is about creating a world in which all can thrive - have to start anew.

Notes: In thinking about present day evaluation practices, we must consider the when, why and who that brought evaluation to philanthropy in the beginning. And how this shared history has implications as we evolve evaluation to remain relevant and meaningful. What's Race Got to Do With It? Equity and Philanthropic Evaluation Practice (Dean-Coffey, J., AJE)



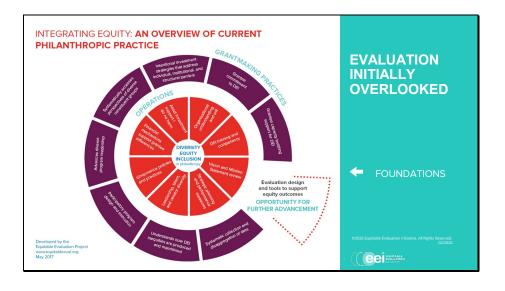


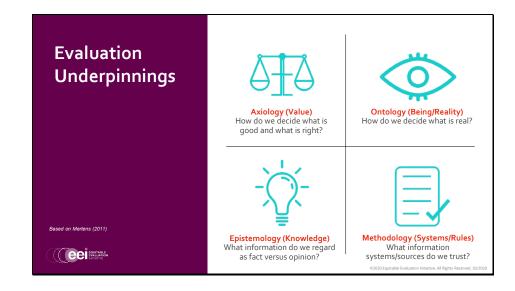




Notes: The efforts of <u>D5 Coalition</u>, <u>PolicyLink</u>, <u>Philanthropic Initiative for Racial Equity</u> and the state of the US heightened discussions and the imperative. The 2014 Foundation Review, <u>Racial Equity special edition</u> was the first of its kind, giving a behind- the-curtain view of how foundations were thinking about and grappling with racial equity. In 2017, the EE Project team decided to focus on philanthropy as an entry point, not because the other ecosystem players were unimportant but because we saw an opening in philanthropy and knew how to enter.

Notes: When we think about evaluation, we typically jump to methods which is limiting. We must recognize there are a set of beliefs that drive our methodological choices and focus. If we do not understand what drives this tendency, evaluation runs the risk of being at odds with the values and intentions of our efforts.



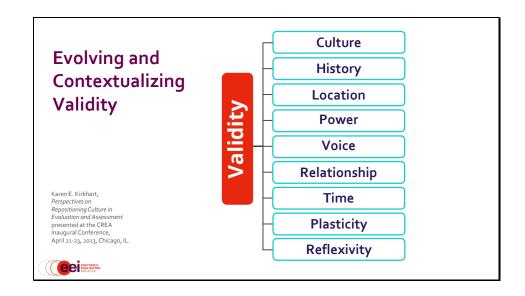




Notes: A reminder that we are humans doing this work and that as such our experiences and identities influence perspectives.

Notes: There have been (and will be) challenges to the validity of data that start to waiver from what we believe to be objective. This is another blind way in which we perpetuate a norm that preferences one type of truth, knowing and evidence. Dr. Kirkhart offers this definition of validity which has implications for data analysis and sense making.



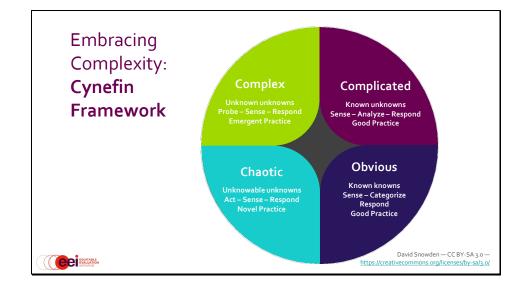




Notes: These 4 elements were shared by Jewlya Lynn and Hallie Presklill at the 2015 AEA Conference and a subsequent <u>blog</u> It asks the evaluator to balance the desire for the highest-quality methods and design with the need for the evaluation to have value for the enduser, and for it to be contextually appropriate. From an evaluation purchaser's point of view, it can be a way of articulating upfront expectations or comparing the quality of different approaches. From a programmatic point of view, it can help program leaders and staff have confidence in the evaluation findings or a way of talking about what they are concerned about as they look at results.

Notes: Our leanings towards predictability and control are no longer serving us in a world of complexity and chaos, evaluative practice must evolve. <u>Link</u>

A New Definition of Rigor Quality of the Thinking • The extent to which the evaluation's design and implementation engages in deep analysis that focuses on patterns, themes, and values (drawing on systems thinking); literature; and looks for outliers that offer different perspectives. seeks alternative explanations and interpretations; is grounded in the research Credibility and Legitimacy of the Claims • The extent to which the data is trustworthy, including the confidence in the findings; the transferability of findings to other contexts; the consistency and repeatability of the findings; and the extent to which the findings are shaped by respondents, rather than evaluator bias, motivation, or interests. **Cultural Responsiveness and Context** The extent to which the evaluation questions, methods, and analysis respect and reflect the stakeholders' values and context, their definitions of success, their experiences and perceptions, and their insights about what is happening. Quality and Value of the Learning Process • The extent to which the learning process engages the people who most need the information, in a way that allows for reflection, $\underline{\textbf{dialogue}, \textbf{testing assumptions}, \textbf{and asking new questions}, \textbf{directly contributing to making decisions that help improve the process}$ and outcomes. Hallie Preskill, PhD FSG Jewlya Lynn, Founder PolicySolve EC EQUITABLE EVALUATION 2015 American Evaluation Association annual conference





Notes: Evaluation has already evolved. Here is one
example where issues of context, cultural and differing
truths and perspectives are encouraged and honored.
Culturally Responsive Evaluation (CRE) developed by
Drs. Hood and Hopson.

Notes: How does the Equitable Evaluation Framework differ (or might it) from Culturally Responsive Evaluation? Be clear, the EE Framework does not replace CRE but can in fact serve as a container for which CRE and other approaches might be situated and ideally utilized more so.

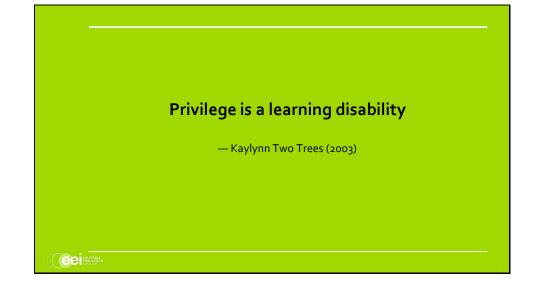
Evaluation Has Already Evolved (Based on SPRA, 2005 Commiss Multicultural Evaluation, A Four		
	Traditional	Culturally Responsive
Evaluator	Formerly trained/Professional experts	Grantees, community members seen as experts
Role of Evaluator	Leader, judge, expert	Facilitator, translator and convener
Design and Planning	Evaluator presents plan for funder approval	Rapport and trust building core to an inclusive planning process reflecting multiple worldviews.
Data Collection	Evaluator designs data collection instruments and protocols.	Evaluator designs data collection instruments and protocols with stakeholder involvement. Stakeholders trained in and conduct some d/c methods
Analysis	Evaluator conducts analysis	Evaluator leads analysis. Results/meaning derived considering culture and system analysis
Reporting	Written report & briefing to funder	Disseminated to broader community.
Use of Findings	Findings express judgment of worth	Findings used to build capacity of community and community organizations

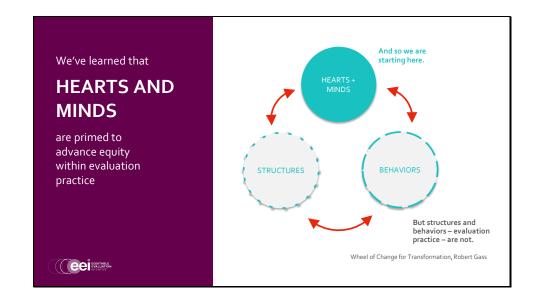
Continuing Evaluation Evo		(Based on SPRA, 2005 Commissioning Multicultural Evaluation, A Foundation Resource Guide), The California Endowment
	Culturally Responsive	Equitable Evaluation Framework
Evaluator	Grantees, community members seen as experts	Grantees, community members and those most impacted, evaluator, etc.
Role of Evaluator	Facilitator, translator and convener	Partner, learner, facilitator and convener.
Design and Planning	Rapport and trust building core to an inclusive planning process reflecting multiple worldviews.	Informed by role program/effort plays in overall foundation portfolio and reflecting values which support equity. Evaluation questions and overall plan co-created acknowledging culture, context and mindful of time frames needed to build and sustain authentic relationships and understanding within and across groups
Data Collection	Evaluator designs data collection instruments and protocols with stakeholder involvement. Stakeholders trained in and conduct some d/c methods	Co-created inquiry frameworks, data collection tools and protocols grounded in cultural context. Various parties play a role in data collection depending on evaluation questions and methods.
Analysis	Evaluator leads analysis. Results/meaning derived considering culture and system analysis	Analysis and sense making frameworks conceived of at onset are refined now that data is in hand. Multiple analysis methods used including qualitative, quantitative, indigenous, and network, etc.
Reporting	Disseminated to broader community.	Various reports/materials are developed, disseminated , discussed and shared depending on audience, findings of interests and intended use.
Use of Findings	Findings used to build capacity of community and community organizations	Findings used to: 1) inform all matter of decisions and actions including those at the foundation in terms of effectiveness of strategy and understanding of issues/solution, 2) highlight strengths and opportunities that community can leverage; and 3) surface new solutions and roles.



Notes: Kaylynn Sullivan TwoTrees is an artist/catalyst/guide who works across mediums, connections and social constructions focused on creating sacred space for deep remembering and reciprocal communication/relationship with nature and the unseen world. This quote speaks to how we "do violence to other's truths when we fail to refine the self, as an open diversity-conscious and expansively learning centered instrument" (Symonett, H, p.111-112)

Notes: We learned that there was a group of people and institutions for whom this conversation was not only eye opening but also freeing. The growing interest is a testament to that readiness.







Notes: The challenge is hard, yes. We have an offering	ng:
the Equitable Evaluation Framework, which has main	1
principles as foundational guideposts.	

Notes: This graphic is a useful visual for seeing what should be considered in the phases typically associated with an evaluation as it pertains to understanding inequities. ("Engendering policies and programmes through feminist evaluation: opportunities and insights." Indian Journal of Gender Studies 19/2 (2012); 321-340)

Equitable Evaluation Framework Principles

Evaluation and evaluative work should be in service of equity:

 Production, consumption, and management of evaluation and evaluative work should hold at its core a responsibility to advance progress towards equity. Evaluative work should be designed and implemented commensurate with the values underlying equity work:

- Multi-culturally valid.
- Oriented toward participant ownership.

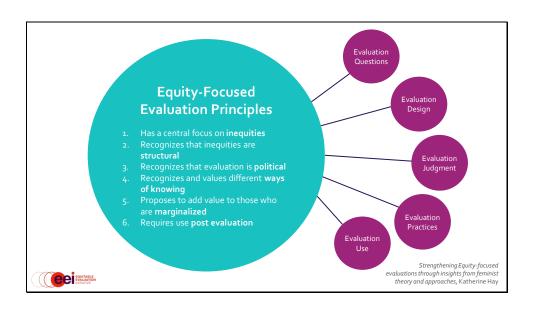
Evaluative work can and should answer critical questions about the:

- Ways in which historical and structural decisions have contributed to the condition to be addressed.
- Effect on strategy of the underlying systemic drivers of inequity.
- Ways in which cultural context is tangled up in both the structural conditions and the change initiative itself.

(Emerging Principles, Spring 2018)

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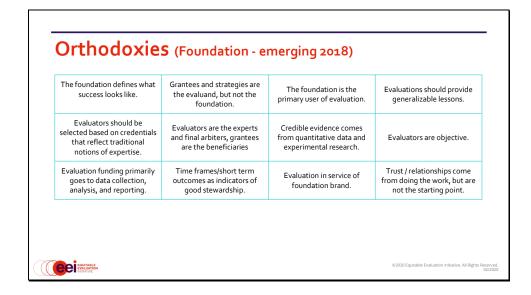


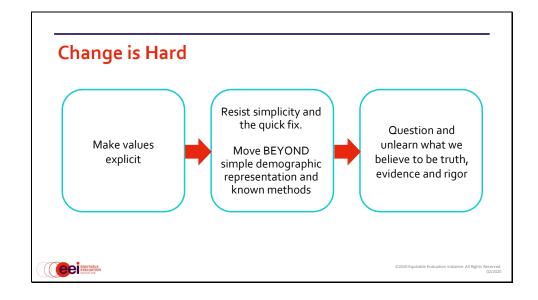




Notes: Orthodoxies are often invisible, masquerading as "common sense." They are traditional/tightly held beliefs that can undermine Equitable Evaluation Framework principles. They are believed to be foundational and affect the undercurrents of organizational culture (see more, p.2) This set of orthodoxies surfaced as part of the research conducted in the EE Project 2016-2017.

Notes: This requires a way of being and thinking that is grounded in a moral imperative (equity as an end not only a means) and embraces the complexity of identities. It will challenge ideas of validity and rigor, which codify bias and ways of knowing, truth and evidence as objectivity.

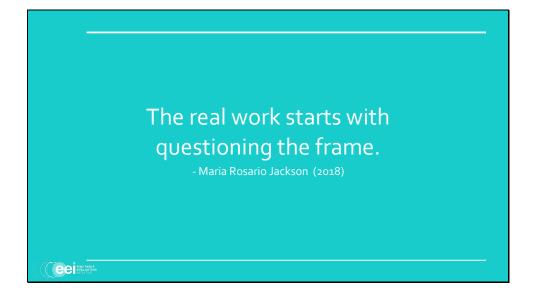


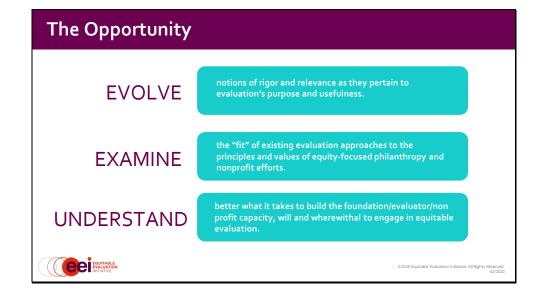




Notes: So where to start? At the beginning, the frame. Whose frame? Developed when? From what perspective? Grounded in what world view? Maria Rosario Jackson's expertise is in comprehensive community revitalization, systems change, arts and culture in communities and dynamics of race and ethnicity.

Notes: This framing (or reframing) has been well received by foundations and evaluators/consultants in the philanthropic ecosystem. There is growing acknowledgement of the role that race and racism has played (and does play) in the conceptualization of evaluation and its practice. If we want to get somewhere new, we have to be and do something different.

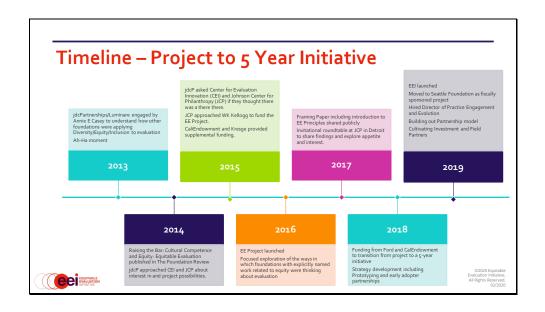






Notes: This is a history of the evolution of the Equitable Evaluation Framework, noting that the ideas and frames that inform it predate both EE Project and the EE Initiative.

Notes: EEI has as part of its community a set of Investment Partners that span the US, foundation types, foundation focus and age. They have proven to be champions and thought partners behind and in front of the scenes.







Notes: This is an overview of the current philanthropic
ecosystem actors engaged with EEI as Practice Partners
Those in italics are ones with whom EEI is exploring
what next.

Notes: What we have before us is an evolutionary opening...An invitation. This is a unique moment in time to bring into alignment evaluation with the intentions of many of us who seek to transform the world in which we live.

Fall/Winter 2019 Emerging Practice Partners



- Foundations: AECF, Oregon, Colorado Health Foundation, CalEndowment, Missouri Foundation for Health, Kresge, Vancouver, Nellie Mae, McKnight, Kresge, Michigan Health Endowment Fund, MW Collaboratory Participants.
- Philanthropic Support Organizations:
 Johnson Center on Philanthropy,
 Grantmakers for Effective Organizations,
 Center for Evaluation Innovation,
 PEAKGrantmaking , Funders Together to
 End Homelessness, Philanthropy
 Northwest, Associations for Advancing
 Equitable Evaluation Principles
- Consultants: TCC Group, Vantage Evaluation, Engage R&D, CEI,LFA Group, Abt Associates, ORS Impact, SparkPolicy Institute, Colorado Collaboratory 2, Mathematica
- Academia (Professors from): UConn, Rochester, Tufts, University of Indiana, Portland State University, Penn

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The Invitation

Reimagine the purpose and practice of evaluation to reflect the values that drive philanthropy and the nonprofits and their intentions and embrace 21st Century definitions of validity and complexity.



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Notes: Starting with hearts and minds is key - primed toward equipping for transformation, and adoption of the Equitable Evaluation Framework principles.

